

# **2014** Call for Manuscripts (Information/Policies)

**Before preparing and submitting your paper**, please **carefully read** the 2014 Call for Manuscripts (Information/Policies) **and** the *Instructions for Authors Submitting a Manuscript*.

ACFAS Manuscript Awards of Excellence winners will divide \$10,000 in prize money from a generous grant given to the College by the Podiatry Foundation of Pittsburgh.

<u>Submission Deadline</u>: August 15, 2013 <u>Notification regarding acceptance</u> will be sent by <u>November 27, 2013</u>

The Annual Conference Program Committee is accepting applications/papers for scientific manuscript presentations at the 72<sup>nd</sup> Annual Scientific Conference, February 27 – March 2, 2014 in Orlando, Florida. If you would like your research to be considered for presentation, please submit your manuscript as soon as possible. Manuscripts must be submitted electronically at <a href="https://www.acfas.org/orlando">www.acfas.org/orlando</a> no later than August 15, 2013 to be eligible for review by the committee.

**Manuscript Presentations** are an oral presentation followed by a brief commentary and open floor discussion for audience participants.

**Note:** Manuscript abstracts will be published on the 2014 ACFAS Annual Scientific Conference web page as part of "Handouts" and will appear as submitted. Grammatical errors will be apparent; proofread carefully.

#### **CATEGORIES**

**Individual** category refers to papers written and submitted by private practitioners, small clinics and group practices.

**Institutional** category refers to papers written and submitted by colleges, educational foundations, research laboratories and post graduate educational programs.

### **FORMAT**

**Manuscripts** submitted for consideration for presentation at the Annual Conference **must be Scientific Format**.

**Scientific Format** refers to the study/evaluation of a question and formation of a hypothesis – it could be prospective or retrospective. It involves gathering information, testing the hypothesis, interpretation of the data and drawing conclusions that validate or negate the hypothesis.

Note: Case studies will **NOT** be accepted for the ACFAS manuscript competition.

#### MANDATORY FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Each author and co-author(s) of a manuscript accepted for presentation will be asked to disclose their financial relationship to the information they are presenting. Each primary author and co-author(s) will have their disclosure indicated next to their names in the Annual Scientific Conference final program.

## POLICIES GOVERNING SUBMITTED APPLICATIONS/MANUSCRIPTS

Applications/manuscripts must be submitted by **August 15, 2013** to be eligible for review by the committee.

• Manuscripts will ONLY be accepted in one of the following classifications:

Arthroscopy Orthotics/Prosthetics/Pedorthics
Basic Research Peripheral Nerve Disorders
Biomechanics and Anatomy Physical Therapy/Rehabilitation
Diabetic Foot Rearfoot and Ankle Reconstruction
Forefoot Reconstruction Trauma (Surgical/Conservative)
Heel Pain Wound Care/Infectious Diseases

- The manuscript must be original work, <u>not previously published</u>.
- The same topic will not be accepted for both oral presentation and as a poster exhibit.
- Once a manuscript is submitted, revisions will not be permitted; the title cannot be changed and additional authors cannot be added.
- Manuscript titles and author names will be listed in the final program; author names will appear in the order in which they are listed in the online submission.
- Use generic names whenever possible instead of proprietary/brand names.
- The ACFAS Board of Directors, members of the Judging Panel, Chair of the Annual Scientific Conference, or employees/independent contractors of the College are ineligible to participate in the ACFAS Annual Scientific Conference manuscript competition; with the caveat that residents supervised by the above referenced parties may participate, but the above referenced parties may not receive any monetary award.
- Notification regarding acceptance will be sent via e-mail by <u>November 27, 2013</u> to the Correspondent Author only at the address provided when the manuscript is submitted; and all other correspondence will be sent to the Correspondent Author only. It is the responsibility of the correspondent author to communicate pertinent information to the manuscript co-authors.

Researchers are encouraged to submit their manuscript to *The Journal of Foot & Ankle Surgery*, and they may do so at the same time as (or any time after) they submit their paper for the competition. <u>Follow all JFAS author instructions and submission requirements</u> and submit your manuscript directly to the *JFAS* (<u>www.jfas.org</u>).

#### INFORMATION ABOUT THE MANUSCRIPT GRADING PROCESS

Manuscripts will undergo blinded review by designated judges. The manuscripts are evaluated on a point system (0 = Poor/Does Not Meet Minimum Standards; 1 = Fair/Meets Minimum Standards; 2 = Good/Exceeds Minimum Standards; and 3 = Excellent/Far Exceeds Minimum Standards) including the following list of considerations:

- 1. Compliance with Scientific Method
  - a. Abstract
  - b. Hypothesis/Purpose
  - c. Presentation of Results
  - d. Methodology
  - e. Discussion/Conclusion
  - f. Levels of Evidence (see chart below)
- 2. Clarity & Quality of Composition
- 3. Clinical Relevance
  - a. Does it add to the current body of knowledge?
  - b. Does it impact your clinical approach?

**Instructions for authors submitting a paper for the "Manuscript Awards of Excellence"** competition, sponsored by the Podiatry Foundation of Pittsburgh, are posted on the ACFAS Web site; click on "**Instructions for Authors Submitting a Manuscript**".

Note: Failure to follow *Instructions for Authors Submitting a Manuscript* will immediately disqualify your submission.

Submit your manuscript via the ACFAS Web site (<u>www.acfas.org/orlando</u>). Click on "Submit a Manuscript".



## **Levels of Evidence for Primary Research Question**

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Types of Studies				
	Therapeutic Studies Investigating the Results of Treatment	Prognostic Studies Investigating the Effect of a Patient Characteristic on the Outcome of Disease	Diagnostic Studies Investigating a Diagnostic Test	Economic and Decision Analyses Developing an Economic or Decision Model
Level 1	High-quality randomized controlled trial with statistically significant difference or no statistically significant difference but narrow confidence intervals      Systematic review <sup>2</sup> of Level-1 randomized controlled trials (studies were homogeneous)	<ul> <li>High-quality prospective study<sup>4</sup> (all patients were enrolled at the same point in their disease with≥80% follow-up of enrolled patients)</li> <li>Systematic review² of Level-1 studies</li> </ul>	Testing of previously developed diagnostic criteria in series of consecutive patients (with universally applied reference "gold" standard)  Systematic review² of Level-1 studies	<ul> <li>Sensible costs and alternatives; values obtained from many studies; multiway sensitivity analyses</li> <li>Systematic review<sup>2</sup> of Level-1 studies</li> </ul>
Level 2	<ul> <li>Lesser-quality randomized controlled trial (e.g. &lt;80% follow-up, no blinding, or improper randomization)</li> <li>Prospective<sup>4</sup> comparative study<sup>5</sup></li> <li>Systematic review<sup>2</sup> of Level-2 studies or Level-1 studies with inconsistent results</li> </ul>	Retrospective <sup>6</sup> study      Untreated controls from a randomized controlled trial      Lesser-quality prospective study (e.g., patients enrolled at different points in their disease or <80% follow-up)      Systematic review <sup>2</sup> of Level-2 studies	Development of diagnostic criteria on basis of consecutive patients (with universally applied reference "gold" standard)      Systematic review² of Level-2 studies	Sensible costs and alternatives; values obtained from limited studies; multiway sensitivity analyses     Systematic review² of Level-2 studies
Level 3	<ul> <li>Case-control study<sup>7</sup></li> <li>Retrospective<sup>6</sup> comparative study<sup>5</sup></li> <li>Systematic review<sup>2</sup> of Level-3 studies</li> </ul>	Case-control study <sup>7</sup>	Study of nonconsecutive patients (without consistently applied reference "gold" standard)     Systematic review² of Level-3 studies	Analyses based on limited alternatives and costs; poor estimates     Systematic review² of Level-3 studies
Level 4	Case series <sup>8</sup>	Case series	Case-control study     Poor reference standard	No sensitivity analyses
Level 5	Expert opinion	Expert opinion	Expert opinion	Expert opinion

- 1. A complete assessment of the quality of individual studies requires critical appraisal of all aspects of the study design.
- 2. A combination of results from two or more prior studies.
- 3. Studies provided consistent results.
- 4. Study was started before the first patient enrolled.
- 5. Patients treated one way (e.g., with arthrodesis) compared with patients treated another way (e.g., with arthroplasty) at the same institution.
- 6. Study was started after the first patient enrolled.
- 7. Patients identified for the study on the basis of their outcome (e.g., failed arthrodesis), called "cases", are compared with those who did not have the outcome (e.g., had a successful arthrodesis), called "controls".
- 8. Patients treated one way with no comparison group of patients treated another way.

This chart was adapted from material published by the Centre for Evidence-Based Medicine, Oxford, UK. For more information, please see <a href="https://www.cebm.net">www.cebm.net</a>.