LITERATURE REVIEW

We hypothesized that a review of reported experiences and ideal practice situations of current fellowship directors will facilitate development of new fellowship programs and standardize the learning experience. Data was collected via online surveys (20 month American College of Foot and Ankle Surgeons Foundation Director Perspective Question Fellowship Director Assessment Survey). For inclusion, the surgeon must be a current director of a 12 month residency program. A total of 25 directors responded to the question fellowship director assessment survey, providing a response rate of 38.5%.

RESULTS

Objective: This study examined the current state of pediatric hospital medicine fellowships and assessed the perceptions of fellowship directors regarding fellowship training and ideal practice situations. Methods: A 20 question fellowship director assessment survey was designed and distributed via email to 66 ACFAS (American College of Foot and Ankle Surgery) fellowship directors. For inclusion, the surgeon must be a current director of a 12 month residency program. A total of 25 directors responded to the question fellowship director assessment survey, providing a response rate of 38.5%.

Methodology & Hypothesis

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REFERENCES

1. Roberts D, Morris G, Pediatr Surg. 2014. 2. The fellowship directors were asked to estimate the percentage of their surgical cases specific to the ankle, forefoot, and rearfoot. The largest percentage of surgical cases was specific to the ankle (57.3 ± 20.9%), followed by the forefoot (22.2 ± 12.2%) and rearfoot (11.9%). The fellowship directors were asked to estimate the percentage of their surgical cases specific to the ankle, forefoot, and rearfoot. The largest percentage of surgical cases was specific to the ankle (57.3 ± 20.9%), followed by the forefoot (22.2 ± 12.2%) and rearfoot (11.9%).

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